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Seaport Operations 612-504-02



US Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM)



 USTRANSCOM provides sea transportation assets through transportation component commands

MTMC & MSC





Military Sealift Command (MSC)



- MSC provides common user sealift transportation services through MSC fleet & commercially contracted carriers.
- Under USTRANSCOM / DOD directive, MSC assumes operational control of:
 - Navy Reduced Operational Fleet
 - Maritime Ready Reserve Force
 - National Defense Reserve Fleet



Vessel Types



RO/RO Vessels



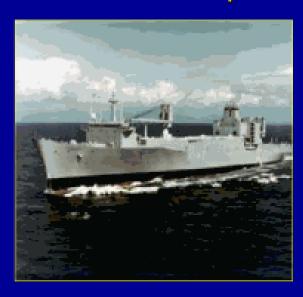
- Best suited for loading & off-loading of rolling stock
- Preferred for initial movement of prepositioned & surge cargo
- Spacious interiors allow easy maneuvering
- Fast turn around time



Vessel Types (Cont)



Fast Sealift Ships



- Fastest cargo carrying vessel
- Over 900 ft long
- Heavy lift capability
- Self-sustaining

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Vessel Types (Cont)



Container Ships



- Greatest cargo capacity
- Not optimal for moving all military cargo

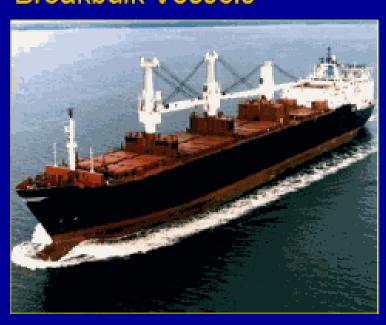
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Vessel Types (Cont)



Breakbulk Vessels



- Able to handle most military cargo on open decks or in multiple cargo holds
- Labor intensive to load & unload



Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC)



- DOD single traffic manager for military cargo surface movements
- Responsible for all CONUS surface movements and common-user SPOE's for unit movements



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MTMC (Cont)



- Duties & responsibilities (Cont)
 - Directing PSA functions & activities
 - Receiving & staging unit equipment (PSAspecific task)
 - Establishing & directing port communications, safety policies & physical security procedures
 - Regulating port traffic



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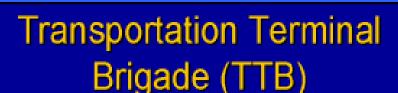














- TTBs are reserve units that provide MTMC with capability to expand number of ports available
- Responsible for monitoring DOD commercial contract cargo movements including unit equipment, re-supply, & retrograde shipments
- Uses existing port facility infrastructure and contract stevedores

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Transportation Terminal Brigade (Cont)



- Key TSB capabilities and responsibilities:
 - Operate 2 5 port berths
 - Receive, load, discharge & transship unit cargo
 - Prepare and update vessel stow plan
 - Enter equipment & cargo receipt data into automated systems
 - Perform liaison with deploying units

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Port Support Activity (PSA)



- The PSA is a temporary military organization that assists the Port Commander
 - Within CONUS, designated installations provide PSAs
 - In overseas areas Area Support Groups (ASG) normally provide PSA support
 - Deploying units do not normally man or operate PSAs



Port Support Activity (Cont)



- PSA is tailored & unique to each port
 - Operates in direct support of the port commander
 - Primary mission is ensuring deploying unit equipment is prepared for vessel loading, and operating unique equipment in port area
 - PSA operates almost exclusively in the port staging area

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PSA Organization



- PSA Organization based on type of equipment processing through port. Normally includes:
 - Qualified personnel to handle the physical security of classified equipment & cargo
 - Personnel with unique equipment operator skills
 - Maintenance personnel to correct deploying equipment deficiencies



PSA Functions



- Typical PSA functions in support of deploying units normally include:
 - Receiving, inspecting & documenting deploying equipment
 - Staging unit equipment in staging area
 - Correcting improperly secured loads and equipment configuration deficiencies
 - Operating equipment / vehicles



PSA Functions (Cont)



- PSA functions (Cont)
 - Providing backup organizational & limited DS maintenance capability
 - Providing physical security for staged military cargo
 - Moving deploying unit equipment according to the port traffic plan



PSA Functions (Cont)



- PSA functions (Cont)
 - As required, providing recovery and maintenance vehicles, administrative vehicles, ambulances & cleaning equipment
 - Assisting with aircraft support operations



Port Security Detachment (PSD)



- The PSD is a reserve component unit under the command authority of MTMC when mobilized
- The PSD administers the port commander's physical security plan & coordinates with the USCG for an integrated port physical security plan



Port Security Detachment Functions



- PSD functions include:
 - Augmenting existing port security force or controlling traffic to include port points of entry.
 - Providing escort & security for high priority shipments
 - Coordinating in-transit sensitive and classified physical security requirements

UMODPC Establishing liaison with area police



Waterside Security -- USCG





 The US Coast Guard is responsible for all waterside physical security





Waterside Security -- USCG (Cont)



- Other USCG duties include:
 - Regulating the shipping, handling & pier side storage of hazardous cargo
 - Interfacing with HN & military authorities on storage & handling of hazards
 - Issuing hazardous cargo permits





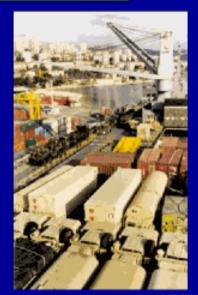
Seaport of Embarkation Functional Areas



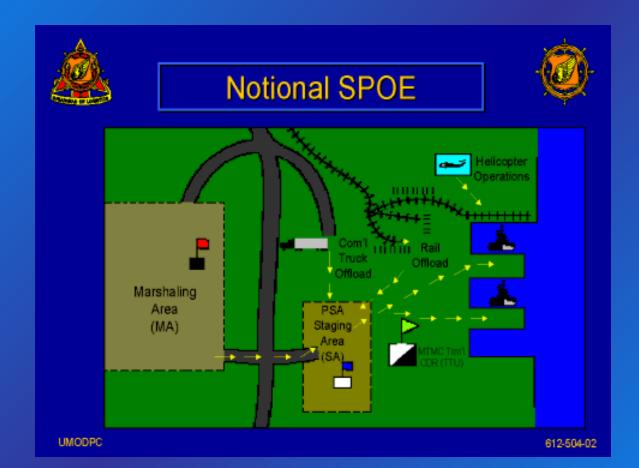
Seaport of Embarkation (SPOE)



 The loading & discharging of vessels is dedicated to rapid, efficient & controlled movement of cargo between ship & shore.



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SPOE Marshaling Area



- Unit's final preparation location prior to entering POE port staging area
 - Ideally located near port staging area & vicinity of truck/rail discharge sites
 - Units inspect, reconfigure and prepare their equipment for movement to the staging area
 - In CONUS, supporting installations provide logistics support to units in marshaling area



Marshaling Area Layout



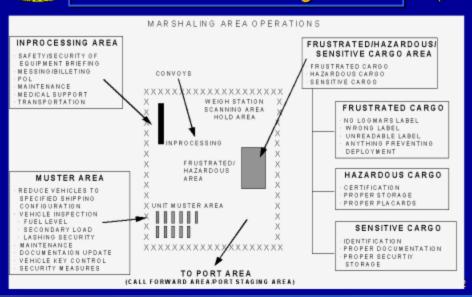
- There is no set organization or physical layout for an SPOE marshaling area
- Marshaling areas organized to prepare units for entry into port staging area





Notional Marshaling Area







Marshaling Yards



- SPOEs marshaling areas may have designated marshaling yards
- In marshaling yards, cargo is subdivided into a number of categories, most commonly:
 - General (breakbulk)
 - Containerized
 - Roll-on/roll-off
 - Special (oversize, heavy

Iift, hazardous & security) cargo





Marshaling Area Functions



- In general, marshaling areas should provide for the following functions and facilities:
 - A central control & inspection point with multiple lanes for vehicles & containers entering or leaving the marshaling yard
 - Security area for breakbulk, containerized sensitive, classified & high-dollar-value cargo



Marshaling Area Functions (Cont)



- Marshaling area functions and facilities (Cont):
 - Sheltered facilities for inventory control, documentation & movement control elements
 - Covered facilities for stowing containers & cargo
 - Traffic circulation plan for movement in, through and out of the area



Port Staging Area



 As the vessel readies for loading, equipment is sent from the marshaling area to the staging area based on a call forward plan



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Port Staging Area (Cont)



- MTMC terminal commander assumes custody of cargo in the staging area
- PSA performs its functions
- Equipment is loaded onto the vessel



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Unit Responsibilities for SPOE Operations

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Unit Responsibilities --Home Station



- Unit Preparation for sealift begins at home station
- Equipment & documentation preparation completed (to extent possible) prior to departing for SPOE
 - Vehicles moving by convoy & rail to SPOE must be reconfigured for sealift
- Proper HS preparation reduces port processing problems



Unit Responsibilities -Deployment Equipment List



Unit DEL must be accurate



 Arriving at SPOE with more or less equipment than reflected on DEL can delay deployment!



Unit Responsibilities --Hazardous Cargo



- Hazardous cargo must be prepared
 & labeled IAW CFR 49 before it is
 loaded for movement
- Hazardous material must be identified & properly packaged, marked & annotated on shipping and load documents
- Improperly prepared hazardous cargo can delay shipping & cause mission failure



Unit Responsibilities -Unit Liaison Team



- Deploying unit may establish a unit liaison team to facilitate movement through the port
- Team reports prior to unit arrival to establish liaison with port commander representative and PSA
- Team clarifies port processing procedures and directs unit correction of vehicle, cargo, and documentation deficiencies



Unit Responsibilities -- SPOE Checks & Considerations



- Final checks & considerations at the SPOE include:
 - Is equipment correctly configured for sealift?
 - Has all unit cargo documentation been completed? (MSLs, packing lists, load cards)
 - Has all hazardous cargo been properly labeled & stored according to CFR 49 and IMDGC?

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Unit Responsibilities -- SPOE Checks/Considerations (Cont)



- Final checks & considerations (Cont)
 - Has coordination with the TTB and PSA been accomplished?
 - Has return transportation been arranged for vehicle drivers and other unit personnel processing equipment at the port?
 - Have supercargoes been identified & briefed?



Unit Responsibilities -- SPOE Checks/Considerations (Cont)

- Final checks & considerations (Cont)
 - Are cargo & vehicles staged in marshaling area according to loading sequence?
 - Has the call forward plan to staging area been established?
 - Have all vehicle & cargo deficiencies been corrected?



Units Responsibilities --Supercargoes



- Deploying unit may require supercargoes during strategic sealift of unit equipment
 - Supercargoes are unit solders aboard vessel who accompany equipment during transit
 - Supercargoes are the deploying unit commander's on-board representative



Units Responsibilities -Supercargoes (Cont)



- Supercargo Responsibilities:
 - Making periodic checks of unit cargo on-board the vessel
 - Maintaining key control of vehicles.
 - Making necessary repairs within team capabilities
 - Observing & assisting in cargo loading/discharge

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Unit Responsibilities -- Supercargoes (Cont)



- Supercargo team size is dependent on:
 - Number of vessel berths available
 - Number and type of vehicles aboard the vessel
- When multiple units deploy equipment aboard a single vessel, FORSCOM or other designated command determines supercargo allocation



Unit Responsibilities -- Supercargoes (Cont)



- Supercargo team generally consists of:
 - OIC or NCOIC
 - Selected maintenance personnel
 - Classified/sensitive cargo escorts

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Unit Responsibilities --Customs



- Personnel & unit equipment departing CONUS via sealift may require a pre-customs clearance inspection
- Pre-customs inspections are normally conducted by military police
- Customs officials may not open classified material without US government approval



Unit Responsibilities --Customs (Cont)



- DD Form 1253 (Military Customs Inspection Label) or DD Form 1253-1 (Military Customs Inspection Tag) provides documentary proof of pre-inspection
- Once cargo & vehicles have been inspected by Customs, items cannot be added or deleted

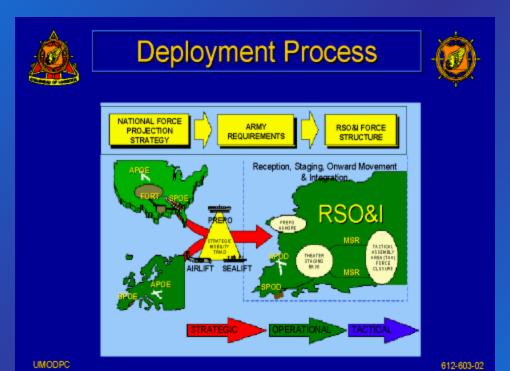


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RECEPTION, STAGING, ONWARD MOVEMENT & INTEGRATION (RSO&I) 612-603-02







RSO&I -- What Is It?



RSO&I -- A New Term for an Old Problem

Problem: How to receive personnel and equipment into a theater of operations, rejoin these elements into combat ready units, and integrate these units into the theater's command structure.



RSO&I -- Reception



- Reception:
- Unloading passengers and equipment from strategic lift
- Marshaling arriving units
- Transporting units to staging areas (if required)
- Providing deploying soldiers life support



RSO&I -- Staging



• Staging:

- Assembling & organizing arriving personnel and equipment into units and forces
- Building combat power
- Preparing units for onward movement
- Providing deploying soldiers life support until unit is self sustaining



RSO&I -- Onward Movement



Onward Movement:

Units & equip move from reception & staging areas to tactical assembly areas (TAAs) or other destinations



RSO&I -- Integration



- Integration:
 - Authority over deploying unit is transferred to designated commander in theater
 - To achieve integration--
 - Unit must be operational and mission ready
 - Unit must be absorbed into joint force



Unit and UMO Planning Considerations for RSO&I



- Review procedures and tasks in higher headquarters and theater RSO&I plans
- Is deployment opposed or unopposed?
 - For opposed operations, units configure tactically for deployment.
 - For unopposed operations:
 - Personnel normally move by air, equip by sea
 - Personnel & equip reassembled into tactical units in theater

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Unit & UMO Planning Considerations RSO&I (Cont)



- Is the unit drawing Army Prepositioned Stocks (APS) in theater?
 - If drawing APS -- Unit Cdr & UMO must review battlebook for APS site/ship.
 - Information is available in Automated Battlebook System (ABS)



Unit & UMO Planning Considerations RSO&I (Cont)



- Develop unit battlebook with information about destination & RSO&I operations. Include:
 - Info/pictures on POD layout & facilities
- Convoy routes
- Plans/location for drawing APS
- POCs & supporting commands/agencies



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Reception







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Possible Reception Scenarios



- Scenario 1. Unit and equipment arrive via air at APOD
- Scenario 2. Soldiers arrive by air at APOD, equip arrives by sea at SPOD. Soldiers and equipment reassembled at in-theater staging base
- Scenario 3. Soldiers arrive at APOD, then move to APS land or afloat locations to draw APS





Reception Operations -- Joint Aerial Port Complexes



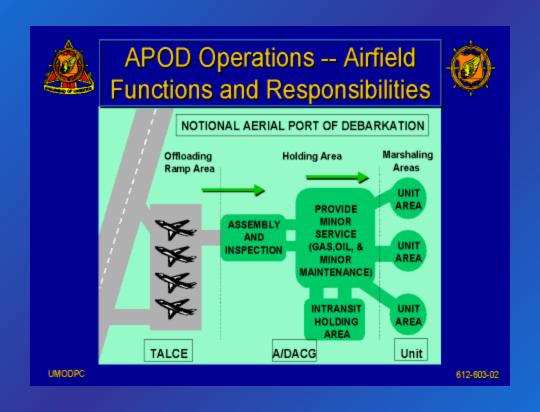
- Soldiers and/or equipment may arrive at a Joint Aerial Port Complex
 - May be large complex containing airfield and numerous support functions
 - Includes terminal support functions such as A/DACG, movement control, equip and cargo holding areas, postal facilities, helicopter assembly areas



APOD Operations -- Key Organizations and Activities



- Arriving unit interfaces with and is supported by:
- USAF Aerial Port Squadrons (APS) or Tanker Airlift Control Elements (TALCE)
- Arrival/Departure Airfield Control Group (A/DACG)
- Movement Control (Movement Control Agency, Port Movement Control Team)
- Designated support organizations from receiving command and host nation support





APOD Operations -- Offload Ramp Area



- TALCE operations and responsibilities
 - -TALCE controls offload ramp area
 - Supervises aircraft unloading
 - Provide offload equip (e.g., MHE) as required
 - Releases aircraft loads to A/DACG control



APOD Operations -- Offload Ramp Area (Cont)



- A/DACG operations and responsibilities
 - Maintains coordination with TALCE & arriving unit
 - Provides offload teams & support equipment (as required)
 - Accepts aircraft loads from TALCE at agreed location
 - Coordinates with TALCE for return of unit's shoring and dunnage



APOD Operations -- Offload Ramp Area (Cont)



- Arriving Unit responsibilities
 - Assist, as required, in unlashing and offloading aircraft
 - Retain shoring and dunnage for redeployment
 - Provide A/DACG copy of pax and cargo manifest



APOD Operations -- Holding Area



- A/DACG operations and responsibilities
 - A/DACG controls holding area
 - Coordinates with TALCE & arriving unit
 - Releases aircraft load to arriving unit
 - Coordinates move of unit pallets to unit marshaling areas
 - May provide minor services (fuel, maintenance) for arriving unit vehicles



APOD Operations -- Holding Area (Cont)



- Arriving Unit activities
 - Provides a liaison to A/DACG to facilitate processing of arriving unit plane loads
 - Assists A/DACG as required
 - Drives unit vehicles from holding area to unit marshaling area
 - Coordinates with movement control teams that may be operating in port area



APOD Operations -- Unit Marshaling Area



- Arriving Unit activities
 - Install equipment that was removed for strategic deployment
- Perform maintenance checks and refueling
- Prepare and organize for movement (convoy, rail, airlift, inland water)



APOD Operations -- Unit Marshaling Area (Cont)



- Area Support Group (ASG) or other designated organization
 - May provide life support / services for deploying unit
- Movement Control Teams (MCTs)
 - Port & Area MCTs operate in APOD ops area
 - Assist units in onward movement
 - Coordinate & task for transportation assets required by deploying unit



APOD Operations -- UMO Considerations & Duties



- Develop unit plan for departing marshaling area based on higher hq's, ASCC & theater RSO&I plan
 - Unit may move equipment to railhead for onward movement to destination.
 - Vehicles may convoy and soldiers move by bus
- UMO coordinates move with MCT or other supporting movement organization
- UMO coordinates with ASG or other support units operating railheads, bus transport, etc.



APOD Operations -- UMO Considerations/Duties (Cont)



- Bottom line: UMO performs tasks & coordination to move unit our of port area. May include:
 - Preparing for convoy move (convoy requests)
 - Organizing unit for rail (load teams, vehicle reconfiguration) bus, or other modes
- Key consideration: Split UMO operations
 - UMO arrives early to coordinate theater movements, alternate UMO supports APOE departure and arrives later in flow

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Scenario 2



- Soldiers arrive by air at APOD
 - Vehicle drivers move to SPOD
 - Unit main body moves to theater staging base
- Equipment arrives at SPOD
 - Drivers and mechanics prepare equipment for movement to theater staging base
- Equipment & soldiers reassembled at TSB

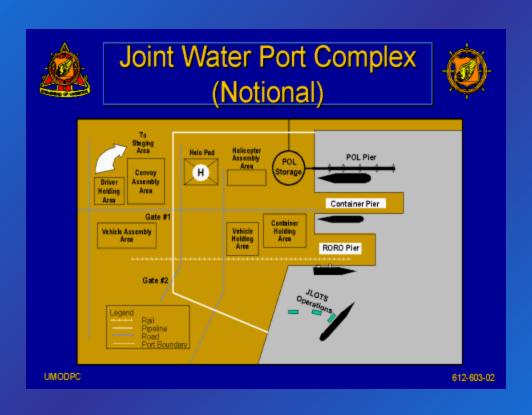




SPOD Operations -- Joint Water Port Complexes



- Equipment arrival at Joint Water Port Complex
 - May be large complex with multiple piers (POL, RO/RO, container) & area for JLOTS operations
 - Includes terminal support functions/areas:
 - Transportation mode ops & movement control
 - Port Support Activity
 - Convoy and helicopter assembly areas
 - Vehicle, cargo and container holding areas

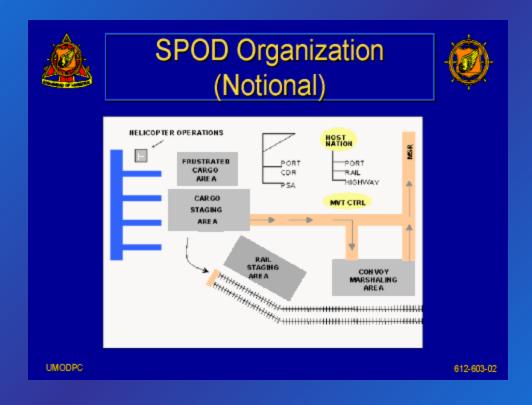




SPOD Operations -- Key Organizations and Activities



- Arriving unit interfaces with and is supported by:
 - MTMC -- Single Port Manager
 - Port Support Activity (PSA)
 - Movement Control Teams (MCT)
 - ASG or other designated supporting units





SPOD Operations -- Port Operating Area



- Port Area includes ship discharge area and port staging area
- MTMC manages port operations in port area
 - Discharges unit equipment from vessel
 - Stages equipment in port staging area
 - Releases equipment to unit



SPOD Operations -- Port Operating Area (Cont)



- Port Support Activity (PSA) operates in direct support of MTMC
- PSA operates in port staging area
 - Receives & stages discharged equipment
 - Provides licensed vehicle operators for all types of equipment
 - As required, provides maintenance capability to support arriving unit vehicles



SPOD Operations -- Port Operating Area (Cont)



- Area Support Group (ASG) (or other designated organization)
 - May provide life support / services for deploying unit
- Movement Control Organizations
 - Port & Area MCTs operate in SPOD ops area
 - Assist units in onward movement
 - Coordinate & task for transportation assets required by deploying unit

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SPOD Operations -- Port Marshaling Area



- Arriving Unit activities
 - Reinstall equipment removed for strategic deployment
 - Unpack containers and repack cargo as vehicle secondary loads
 - Perform maintenance checks and refueling
 - Prepare and organize equipment for onward movement (convoy,rail, inland water)



SPOD Operations -- Port Marshaling Area (Cont)



- Arriving Unit activities (Cont)
 - Port marshaling area may not be available
 - Units may have to move directly to destination
 - Prepare and organize equipment for onward movement at port staging area
 - Must coordinate with port commander to reduce interference at port



SPOD Operations -- UMO Considerations & Duties



- Advance movement planning prior to theater arrival
 - Based on RSO&I plan, higher hq's guidance
- Coordination with MCT at APOD for transporting:
 - Advance party teams such as vehicle drivers to SPOD
 - Main body to theater staging base



SPOD Operations -- UMO Considerations/Duties (Cont)



- UMO Coordination at SPOD:
 - Port Manager staff & PSA for receiving unit equipment
 - Movement Control Agency or MCTs for onward movement of equip to theater staging base



SPOD Operations -- UMO Considerations/Duties (Cont)



- Equipment could move to TSB by convoy, rail, military/commercial truck, inland waterway
 - UMO coordinates with MCT for required transportation assets, convoy clearances, local movement procedures
 - UMO coordinates with designated support units operating railheads, convoy assembly areas



SPOD Operations -- UMO Considerations/Duties (Cont)



- Split UMO operations?
 - UMO representative may have to be at APOD
 - UMO representative may have to be at SPOD
 - UMO may have to coordinate at TSB or other designated areas
- UMO must oversee various operations & use alternate UMO or have knowledgeable rep



Scenario 3



- Soldiers, TAT and non authorized prepositioned (NAP) items arrive APOD
- Arriving unit will draw APS from:
 - Army Prepositioned Afloat (APA) vessels that sail to the theater, or
 - Army Prepositioned Land (APL) sites located in theater



Scenario 3 (Cont)



- For APA operations, unit moves from APOD to seaport in following sequence:
 - Survey, Liaison, Reconnaissance Party (SLRP)
 - Advance party
 - PSA personnel (if required)
 - Main body
- For APL operations, advance party moves from APOD to APS site, followed by main body



Unit & UMO Considerations for APS Operations



- References are:
 - FM 100-17-1, APA Operations, provides doctrine and procedures for afloat operations
 - FM 100-17-2, APL Operations, provides doctrine and procedures for ashore operations



Unit & UMO Considerations for APS Operations (Cont)



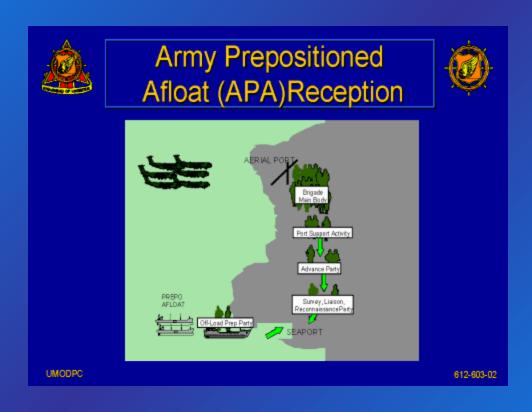
- For APS operations, unit will generally operate as part of battalion or brigade size forces
- UMO gathers available information about move to APS sites before unit arrives theater
 - Coordination with Bn/Bde movement officers
 & S-4
 - Unit plans based on higher hq's plans



Unit & UMO Considerations for APS Operations (Cont)



- Unit Commander and UMO must access ABS
 - Army Materiel Command's ABS contains:
 - Battlebooks for APS sites / vessels
 - APS equipment listing by UIC
 - Equipment draw procedures & site information
 - Unit checklists for APS operations
 - ABS info available at http://www.battleweb.com and http://www.battlebooks.com





Army Prepositioned Afloat (APA) -- Key Organizations



- Unit interfaces with and is supported by:
 - MTMC & Composite Transportation Group (CTG)
 - MTMC is port manager, CTG is port operator
 - CTG operates SPOD and is responsible for onward movement of equip and personnel
 - PSA: Performs normal PSA functions



APA -- Unit Organization for APA operations (Cont)



- PSA: Unit may be required to provide own or supplement PSA at SPOD
- Unit Main Body
 - + Receives equipment at the APA site
 - + Moves to TAA or other designated location
 - + Prepares for continued operations



APA -- Unit Organization for APA Operations



- Survey, Liaison, Reconnaissance Party (SLRP)
 - Includes reps from deploying unit, MCT, AMC & port commander
 - Arrives SPOD prior to APA vessel arrival
 - Purpose:
 - * Reconnaissance, liaison with theater authorities
 - + Prepare for advance party & main body arrival



APA -- Unit Organization for APA operations (Cont)



- Advance Party
 - Formed from deploying unit(s)
 - Primary tasks:
 - Arrange for reception of unit main body
 - Rendezvous with APA ships
 - * Assist in port support and discharge operations
 - Should include battery teams, fuel handlers, drivers, property book & supply personnel



APA -- Unit Organization for APA operations (Cont)



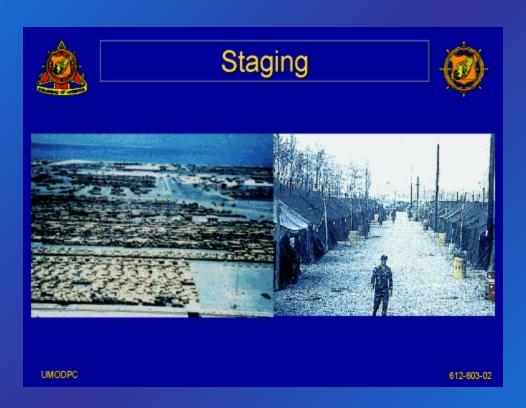
- PSA: Unit may be required to provide own or supplement PSA at SPOD
- Unit Main Body
 - + Receives equipment at the APA site
 - + Moves to TAA or other designated location
 - + Prepares for continued operations



Army Prepositioned Land (APL) -- Unit Organization for APL Operations



- Unit Advance Party
 - Moves from APOD to APL location
 - Signs for unit APS equipment
 - Moves Equipment to marshaling area in vicinity of APL site





Staging (Cont)



- Staging Process:
 - Reassemble and reunite units with their equipment
 - Upload unit basic loads
 - Prepare and schedule units for onward movement to TAA
 - Provide life support until unit is self sustaining



Theater Staging Base (TSB)



- TSBs provides an arm, fuel, fix capability.
 They include:
 - Marshaling areas, maintenance shelters
 - Equipment calibration, weapons boresighting
 - Fuel and ammo storage
 - Test driving loop and range areas



Theater Staging Base Layout (Notional)





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TSB -- Unit and UMO Movement Tasks



- Coordinate with MCT for onward movement schedule and movement procedures, by mode.
- Reconfigure unit equipment for onward movement mode (rail, road, inland/coastal water)
- Process necessary movement documentation (convoy requests, rail load plans)
- Coordinate with supporting units responsible for rail loading and convoy assembly operations.



Onward Movement







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Onward Movement (Cont)



- Onward Movement Process:
 - Moving units & materiel from reception facilities and staging bases to TAA or other destinations
- Onward movement is normally planned, scheduled and controlled by movement control agencies, battalions and teams.
- Numerous forces and host nation traffic may be competing for movement over same LOC.



Onward Movement -- UMO Considerations & Tasks



- UMO tasks essentially same as covered in APOD/SPOD preparation for onward movement
- Support facilities, such as convoy support centers, may be established to support unit onward movement
- Security concerns can impact unit organization for onward movement



Integration







Integration Process



- To achieve integration, the unit:
 - Must become operational and mission-ready
 - -- move, fight and communicate
 - Must be absorbed into the joint force
- Integration is complete when receiving commander establishes command & control over arriving unit